

#### SHENYANG VHANDY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

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### **About Zirconia**



Unlike traditional ceramics that tend to be hard and brittle, Zirconia offers high strength, wear resistance, and flexibility far beyond those of most other technical ceramics. Zirconia is a very strong technical ceramic with excellent properties in hardness, fracture toughness, and corrosion resistance; all without the most common property of ceramics - high brittleness.

There are several grades of Zirconia available in VHANDY, the most common of which are Yttria Stabilized Zirconia (3Y-TZP) and Magnesia Partially Stabilized

Zirconia (M-PSZ). Both of these materials offer excellent properties, however, the operating environment and part geometry will dictate which grade may be suitable for specific applications. Its unique resistance to crack propagation and high thermal expansion make it an excellent material for joining ceramics with metals like steel. Due to Zirconia's unique properties it is sometimes referred to as the "ceramic steel".

### **General Zirconia Properties**

- High density up to 6.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- High flexural strength and hardness
- Excellent fracture toughness impact resistant
- High maximum use temperature
- Wear resistant
- Good frictional behavior
- Electrical insulator
- Low thermal conductivity aprox. 10% of Alumina
- Corrosion resistance in acids and alkalis
- Modulus of elasticity similar to steel
- Coefficient of thermal expansion similar to iron

### Zirconia Machining & Grinding

Zirconia can be machined in green, biscuit, or fully dense states. While in the green or biscuit form it can be machined relatively easily into complex geometries. However, the sintering process that is required to fully densify the material causes the Zirconia body to shrink approximately 20%. This shrinkage means that it is impossible to hold very tight tolerances when machining Zirconia pre-sintering.

In order to achieve very tight tolerances, fully sintered material must be machined/ground with diamond tools. In this process a very precise diamond coated tool/wheel is used to abrade away the material until the desired form is created. Due to the inherit toughness and hardness of the material, this can be a time consuming and costly process.

# Zirconia Applications



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- Wire forming/drawing dies
- Insulating rings in thermal processes
- Precision shafts and axles in high wear environments
- Furnace process tubes
- Wear resistance pads
- Thermocouple protection tubes
- Sandblasting nozzles
- Refractory material
- Extrusion dies
- Bushings and caps
- Kiln furniture crucible
- Fiber optic ferrules and sleeves
- Knives and blades
- Fuel cell parts
- Bearings & rollers
- Welding nozzles & pins
- Laser parts
- · Gas igniters
- Electric insulator
- Ceramic guiders
- Oxygen sensors
- · Medical and surgical component
- Mechanical seals
- Pumps, pistons, and liners

## Yttria vs. Magnesia Zirconia

While 3Y-TZP is excellent for demanding mechanical applications, it may not be suitable for very high temperature applications because it suffers from grain boundary sliding; this occurs when prolonged exposure to heat causes the material to transform form the strong tetragonal phase to the weaker monoclinic phase. Similarly, it may not be suitable for warm and moist conditions since its properties deteriorate when it is exposed to water vapor. YSZ is therefore best suited when it is operating in dry and moderate temperature conditions. For more information on hydrothermal aging of Zirconia please contact us.

M-PSZ has better temperature and moisture resistant properties because it does not suffer from phase migration. M-PSZ maintains its strength even in moist high temperature environments where YSZ mechanical properties begin to deteriorate.

# About Yttria Stabilized Zirconia (3Y-TZP)

Yttria Stabilized Zirconia (3Y-TZP) is Zirconia doped with Yttrium oxide (Y2O3) as a stabilizing agent which stresses the internal grain structure and makes the material stronger by changing it from a monoclinic to tetragonal phase. It is a fine grain material that has one of highest flexural strength among all ceramic materials. It has very high impact and wear resistance while offering a low thermal



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conductivity, often making it a suitable material to replace metals. The addition of Yttrium oxide (Yttria) enables the material to undergo transformation toughening which is responsible for the high toughness. As the material is stressed, it becomes more energetically favorable for the crystal structure to revert back to transforms from tetragonal to monoclinic phase, resulting in a highly localized volume increase of 3% - 5%. This increase in volume puts crack under compression which reduces its ability to grow and propagate into more cracks. This characteristic accounts for the material's low susceptibility to stress fatigue and high flexural strength.

Nano 3Y-TZP			
Property	Item	Data	Unit
Mechanical Characteristics	color	Blue	
	density	6.01	g/cm³
	Bending Strength	1200	MPa
	Compressive Strength	3,000	MPa
	Elastic Modulus	220	GPa
	Fracture Toughness	14	MPa m <sup>1/2</sup>
	Weber Coefficient	25	m
	Vickers Hardness	1,200	HV 0.5
Thermal Characterics	Coefficient of Line Thermal Expansion	10	10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
	Thermal Conductivity	2	W/mK
	Thermal Shock Resistance (Put in Water)	300	ΔT °C
	Max Working Temperature	1,000	°C
Electrical Characteristics	Volume Resistance at 20°C	>10 <sup>13</sup>	Ωcm
	Dielectric Strength	11×10 <sup>6</sup>	V/m
	Dielectric Constant	33	٤r
	One MHZ Dielectric Loss Angle at 20°C	0.0016	tanδ
Chemical Characteristics	Nitric Acid (60%) 90°C	≒0.00	WT Loss mg/cm²/day
	Sulphuric Acid (95%) 95°C	0.03	
	Caustic Soda (30%) 80°C	0.06	